

Python from Beginner to Advanced

This Python e-book will help you understand all the vital elements of the Python programming language. Anyone who wants to learn Python without any prior experience in programming and anyone who wants to refresh their Python knowledge can read this e-book and get a grip on widely used Python concepts.

1. Introduction to Python

Starting with Python

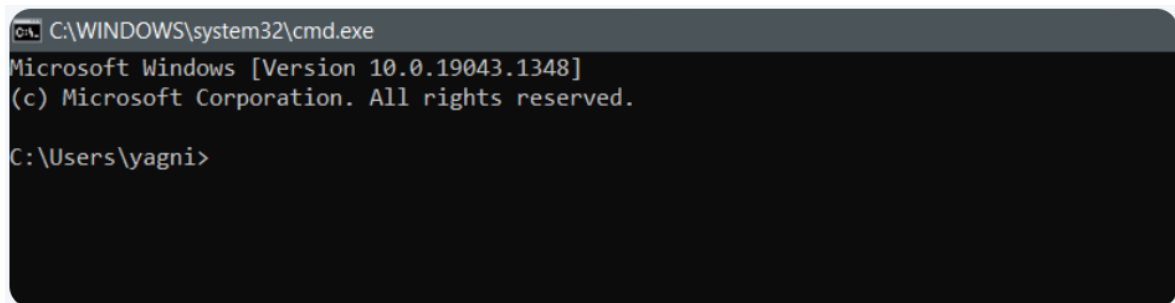
After reading this Python e-book, the you will be able to write programs in Python, use any Python libraries and develop their own packages using Python.

The first step in learning any programming language is to set up the environment for writing programs. As we are going through a Python e-book, we will start with installing Python in three different OS platforms.

Python Installation

To check if Python is already installed, follow the below-mentioned steps.

- Press Windows + r to get the run.
- Then type cmd and press enter.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19043.1348]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\yagni>
```

- After opening the cmd. you can check if Python is already installed by using typing Python into the cmd.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - python
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19043.1348]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\yagni>python
Python 3.8.5 (default, Sep 3 2020, 21:29:08) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)] :: Anaconda, Inc. on win32
Warning:
This Python interpreter is in a conda environment, but the environment has
not been activated. Libraries may fail to load. To activate this environment
please see https://conda.io/activation
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

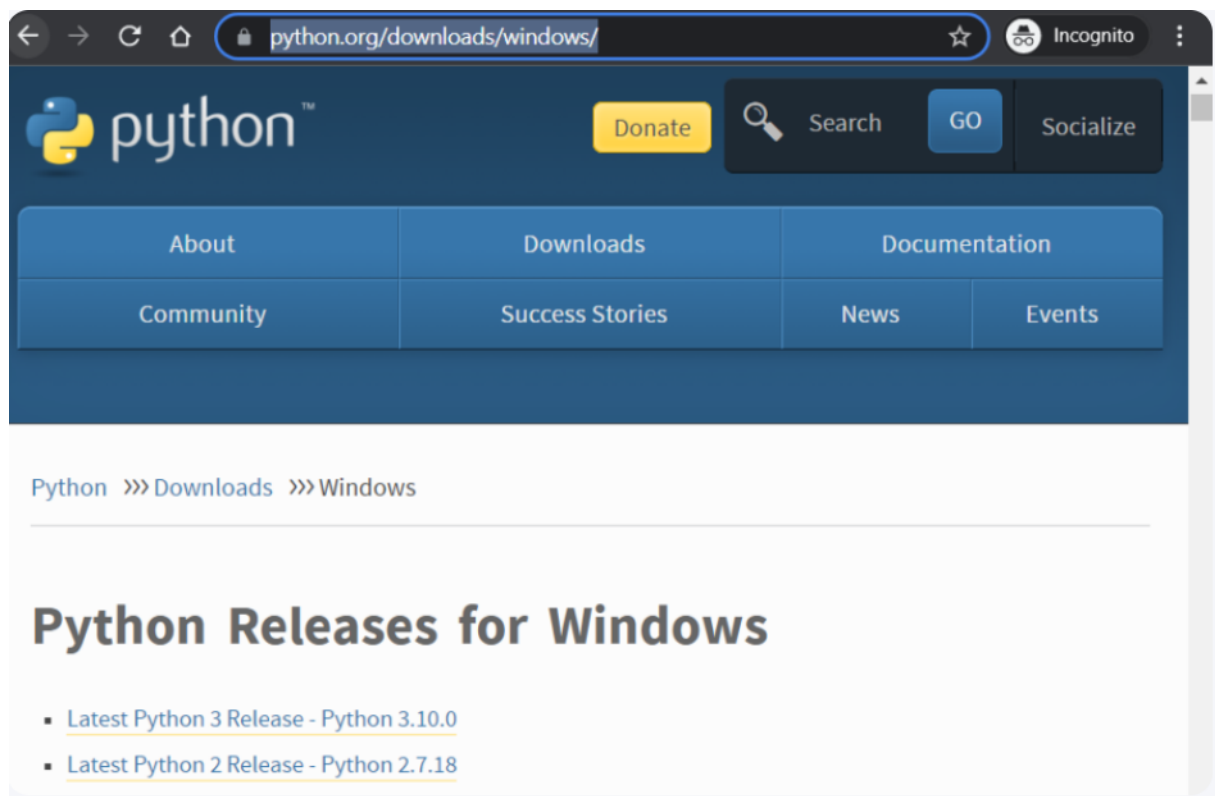
We can also check the version of Python installed by using commands as demonstrated below.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\yagni>python --version
Python 3.8.5

C:\Users\yagni>python -V
Python 3.8.5
```

Now we will walk through on how to install Python in Windows. Links are provided for quick navigation when following the e-book. From the Python for Windows weblink, the stable version of Python can be downloaded with your choice between 64 bit or 32-bit Operating system versions.



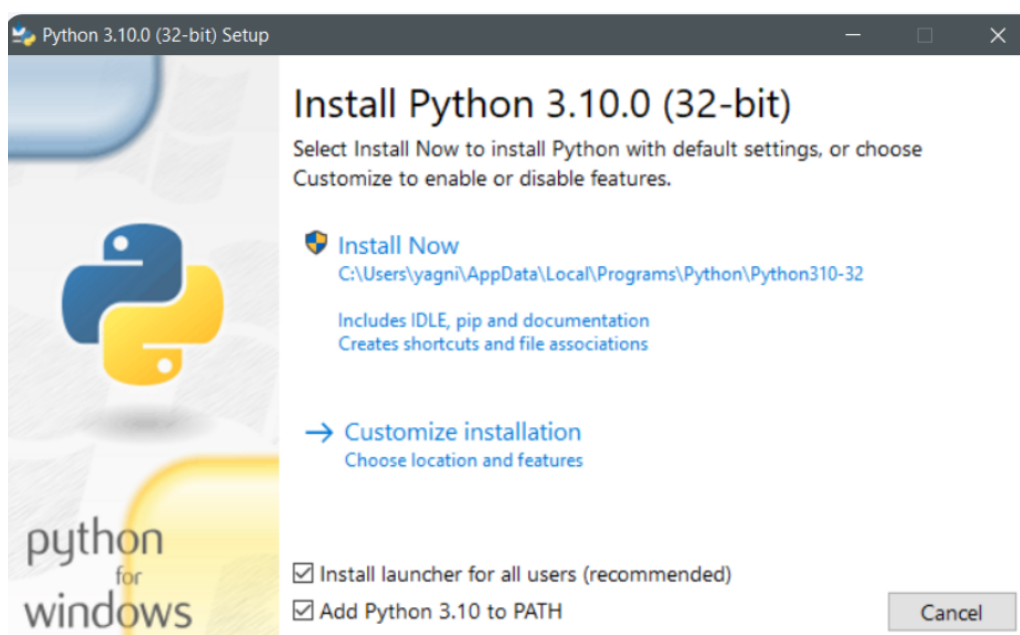
As we can see, the latest release available for Python 3 is Python 3.10.0. Now click on the Latest Python 3 Release – Python 3.10.0 and it will navigate you to the downloader's page where if we scroll down to the bottom of the page, we will find a table as below.

Files					
Version	Operating System	Description	MD5 Sum	File Size	GPG
Gzipped source tarball	Source release		729e36388ae9a832b01cf9138921b383	25007016	SIG
XZ compressed source tarball	Source release		3e7035d272680f80e3ce4e8eb492d580	18726176	SIG
macOS 64-bit universal2 installer	macOS	for macOS 10.9 and later (updated for macOS 12 Monterey)	8575cc983035ea2f0414e25ce0289ab8	39735213	SIG
Windows embeddable package (32-bit)	Windows		dc9d1abc644dd78f5e48edae38c7bc6b	7521592	SIG
Windows embeddable package (64-bit)	Windows		340408540eeff359d5eaf93139ab90fd	8474319	SIG
Windows help file	Windows		9d7b80c1c23cfb2cecd63ac4fac9766e	9559706	SIG
Windows installer (32-bit)	Windows		133aa48145032e341ad2a000cd3bff50	27194856	SIG
Windows installer (64-bit)	Windows	Recommended	c3917c08a7fe85db7203da6dcaa99a70	28315928	SIG

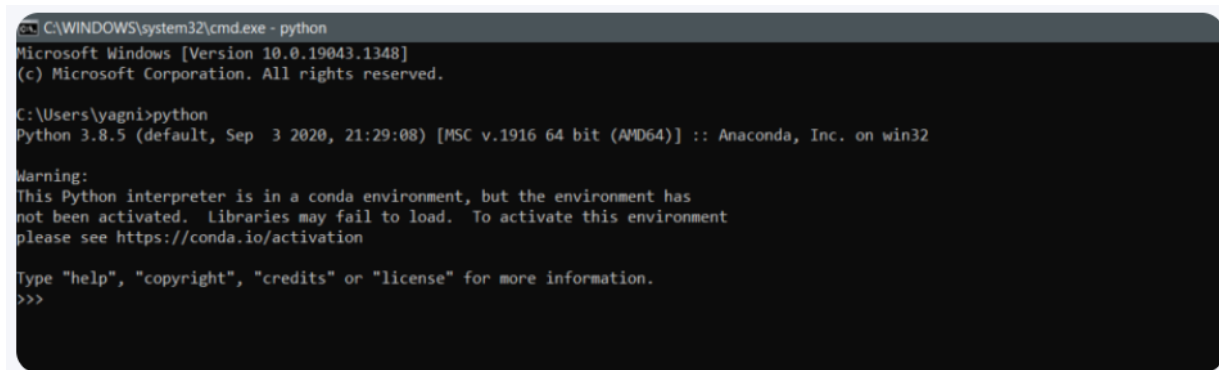
Now click on the Windows Installer (32-bit) or Windows Installer (64-bit) according to your desire. A window will open asking you to select the path where you want to download your installer. After downloading the executable file, double-click on the file to start the installation.

Below you can find the steps.

- Run the Python executable file, in our case it will be Python-3.10.0.exe.
- When you double-click on the file, a window will open asking do you want to run this file. Click on run to start the Python installation.
- According to your choice select if you want Python to be installed for all users or for a single user.
- Also, select add Python 3.10 to PATH check box.



- Then select install now. Install now will install Python with all recommended settings which is a good option for beginners.
- Then it will take few minutes for the setup to complete, and you will be taken to next dialog prompt which will ask you to disable the path length limit. This will allow the Python to use long path names without any character
- limit of 260 which is enabled if the path length limit is not disabled.
- To verify if Python is installed, you can use the Python -V or Python --version or just type Python in the cmd.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - python
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19043.1348]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

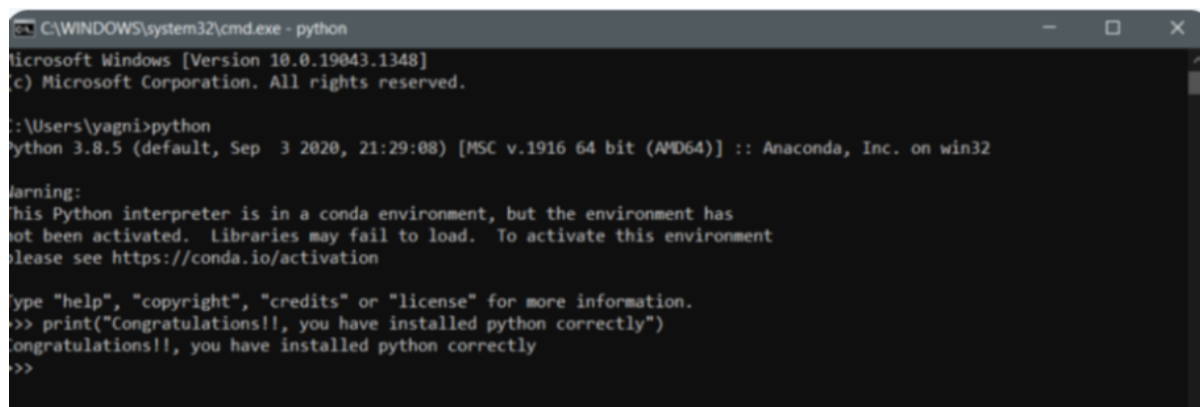
C:\Users\yagni>python
Python 3.8.5 (default, Sep 3 2020, 21:29:08) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)] :: Anaconda, Inc. on win32

Warning:
This Python interpreter is in a conda environment, but the environment has
not been activated. Libraries may fail to load. To activate this environment
please see https://conda.io/activation

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

Congratulations, you have successfully installed Python. Let's write our first program in cmd using Python.

- In our first program we will just print "Congratulations!, you have installed Python correctly".
- To write this, we will use print function of Python.
- Type print("Congratulations!!, you have installed Python correctly").
- Then press enter.
- You will see that the statement we wrote inside the print as displayed below.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - python
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19043.1348]
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C:\Users\yagni>python
Python 3.8.5 (default, Sep 3 2020, 21:29:08) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)] :: Anaconda, Inc. on win32

Warning:
This Python interpreter is in a conda environment, but the environment has
not been activated. Libraries may fail to load. To activate this environment
please see https://conda.io/activation

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> print("Congratulations!!, you have installed python correctly")
Congratulations!!, you have installed python correctly
>>>
```

Introduction to Python

Python is an interpreted high-level dynamically typed object-oriented programming language.

Before delving into writing programs in Python, it's important to understand what the above terms mean.

High Level Language

A high-level language gives the programmer freedom to code programs which are independent of a particular type of device. They are called high level languages as they are closer to human languages. Python is high level because it is not a compiled language, Python requires another program to run the code unlike C which run directly on local processor.

Interpreted Language

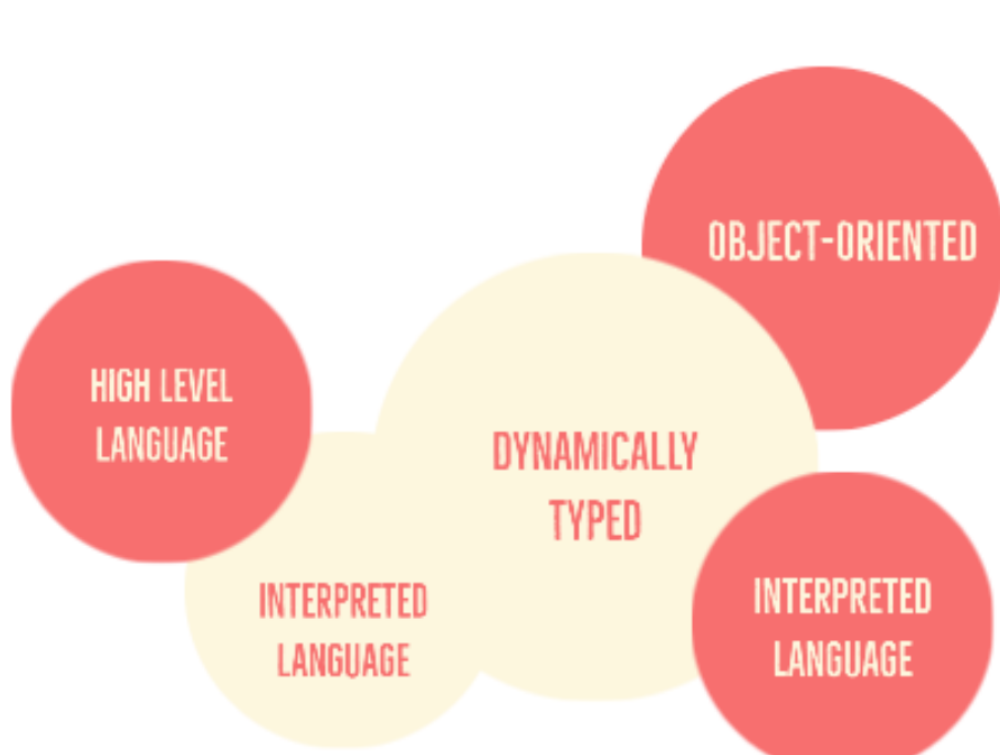
Python is an interpreted language, as the Python program's source code is converted into byte code that is then executed in the Python virtual machine, unlike C or C++.

Dynamically Typed Language

Python is a dynamically typed language because the type of the variable is checked during run time. We will learn about data types in the following chapters.

Object-Oriented Language

Python is an object-oriented language because the Python developer can use classes and objects to write clean and reusable code.



Advantages and disadvantages of using Python

Advantages of using Python

- As Python syntaxes are closer to human language, it is easier to learn, understand and write the code.
- It is both functional and objected-oriented language.
- Python has a large community support and also it has a large number of modules, libraries and packages.
- Due to its simplicity, developing a Python program or application faster than developing in any other language like Java.
- Python is a choice of language in data science, machine learning and artificial intelligence due to its wide variety of machine learning packages and libraries.
- Almost everything can be developed using Python, it also has tools for app development such as kivy, flask, Django and many others.

Disadvantages of using Python

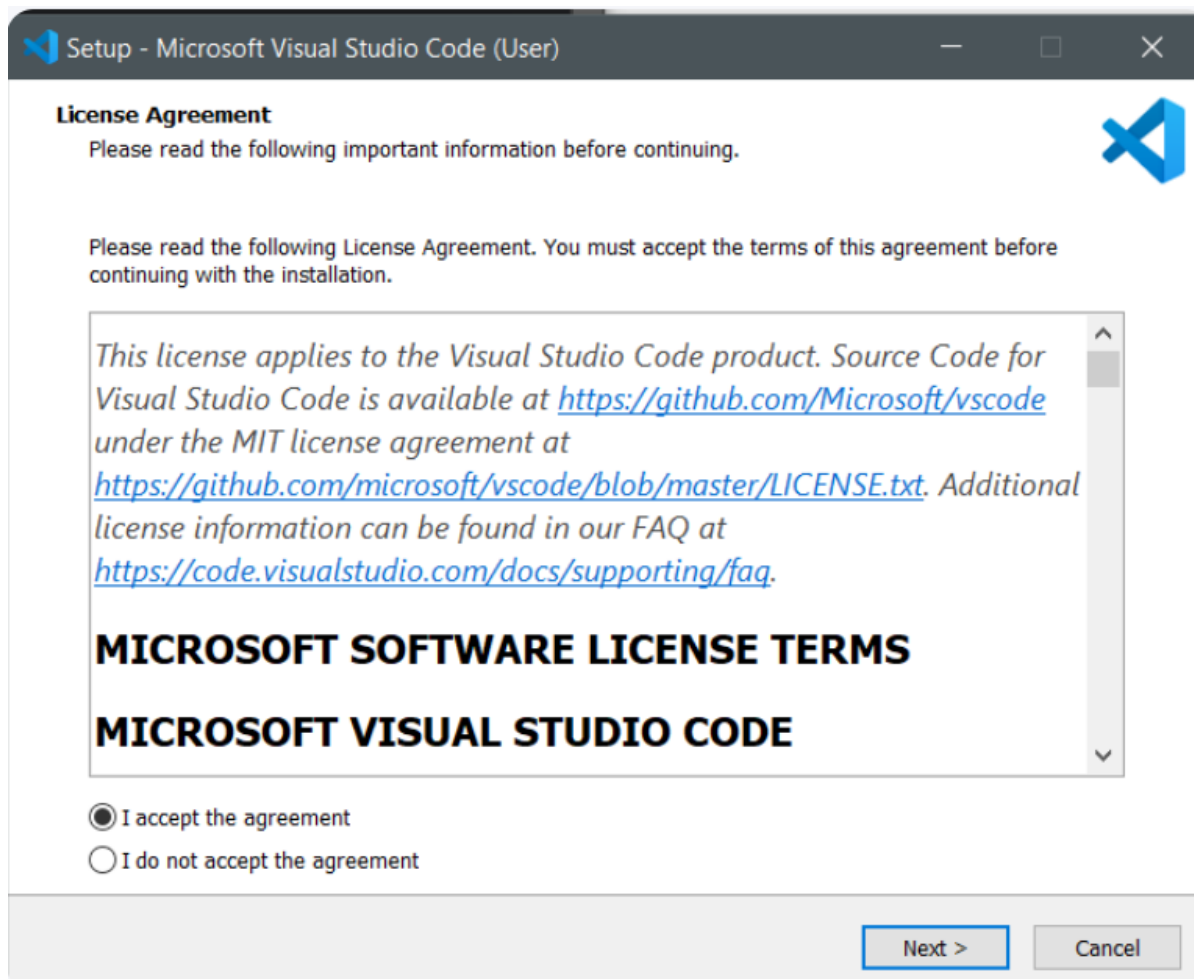
- It's not recommended for communication with hardware components.
- There are no time optimizers in Python, hence it's slower than most of the languages like C, C++, and Java.
- The indentation-based coding makes it a little difficult for people changing their language from C, C++, or Java to Python.\

Setting up an Integrated Development Environment:

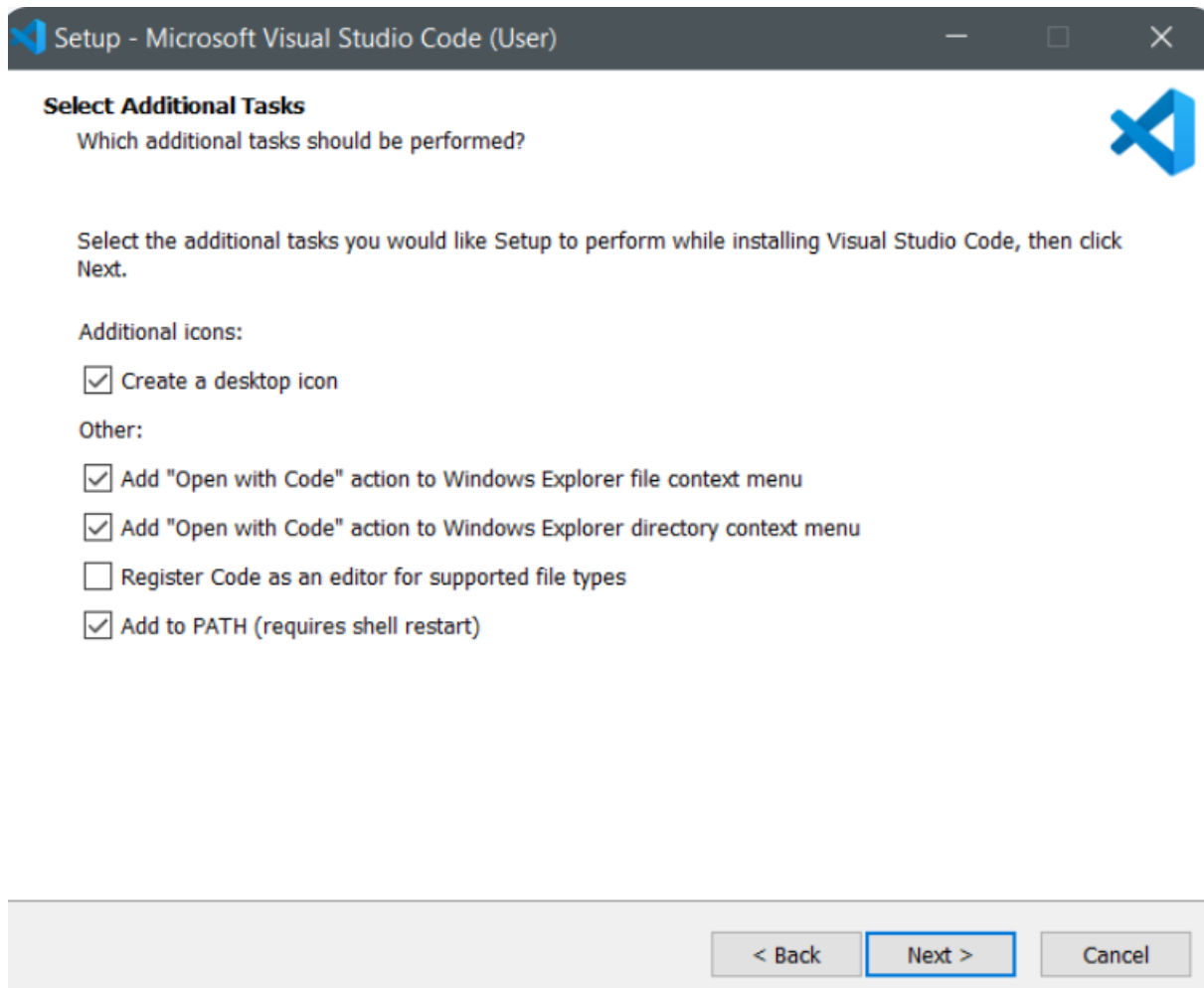
We will be using Visual Studio Code for writing code in Python. Visual Studio Code abbreviated as VS Code is an open-source code editor with many plugins and extensions. These plugins and extensions make writing code in VS Code simpler and more intuitive. Also, VS Code is very light compared to other IDE. It also has various themes for making the development environment interesting for the developer.

Installing VS Code in windows:

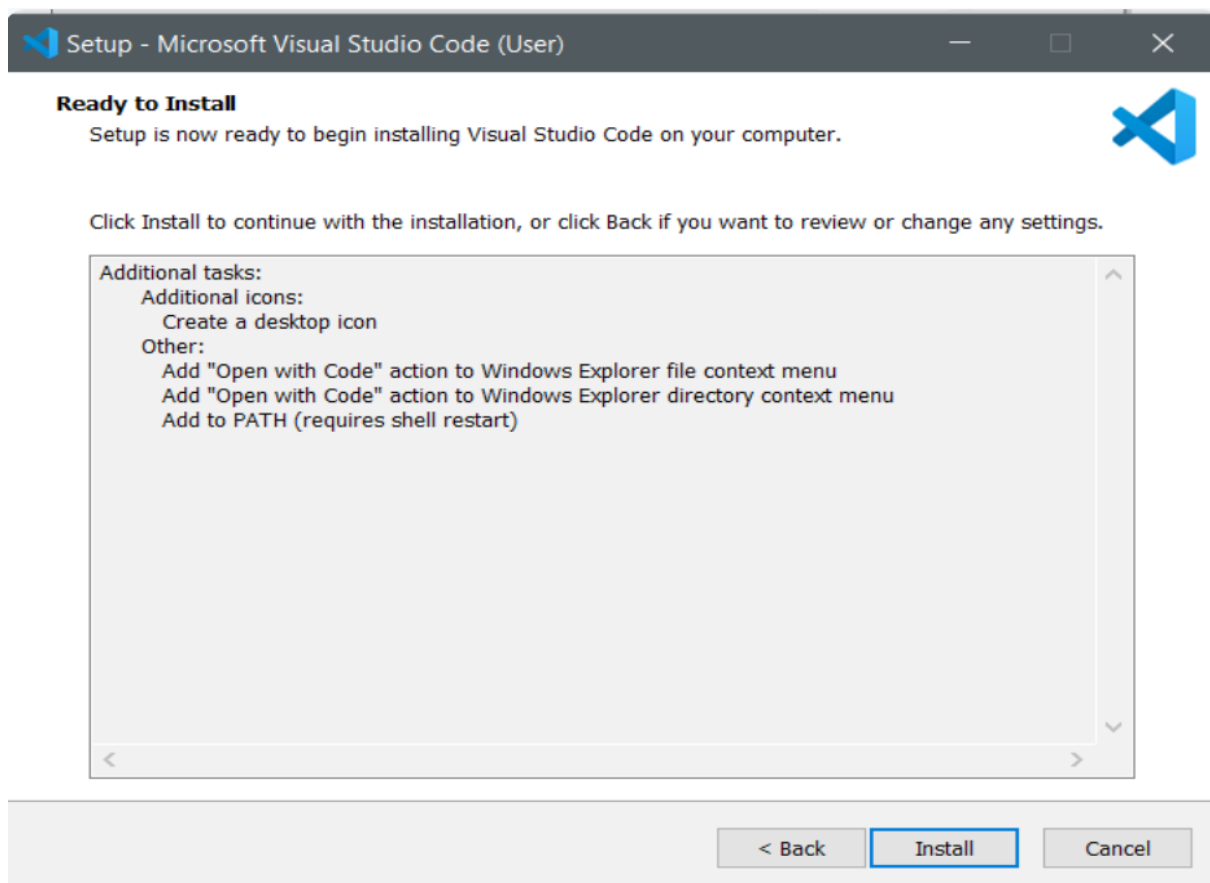
- By using the link below, download the VS code executable file. Link: <https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/setup/windows>
- Then double-click on the downloaded file to execute it and click run. Then follow the steps as given in the images below.
- Click on I accept the agreement and click next.



- Select the checkboxes as shown in the below image and click next.

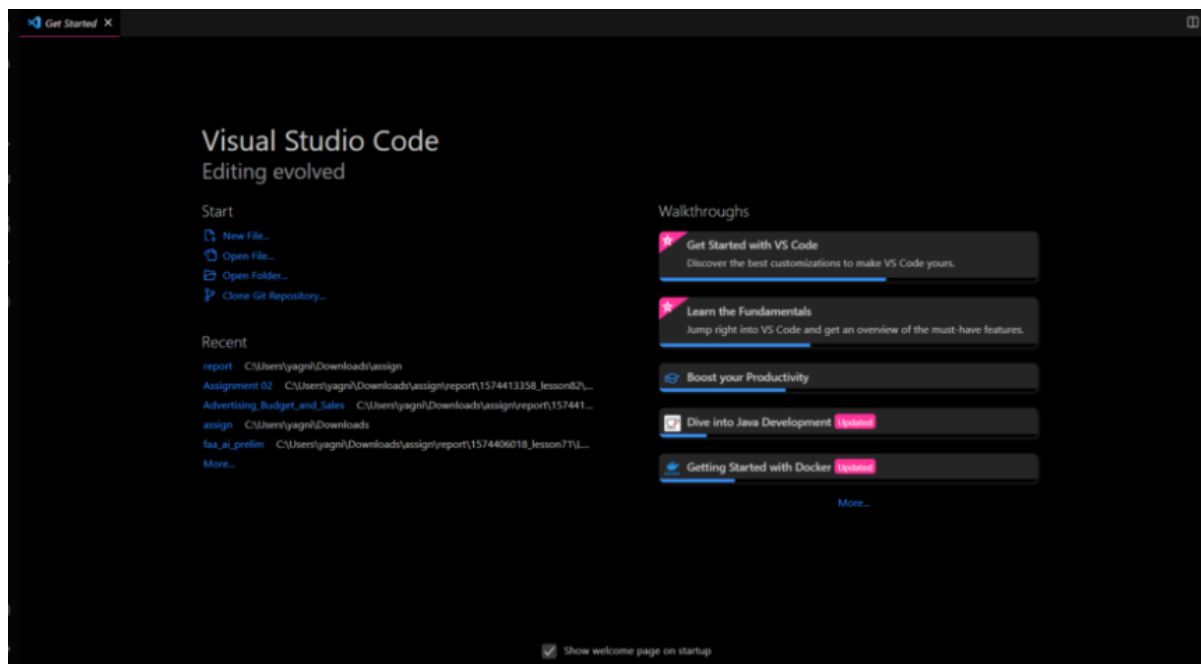


- Then click on install and it will take few minutes for the setup of VS code to complete. After completion of the setup click on finish button.

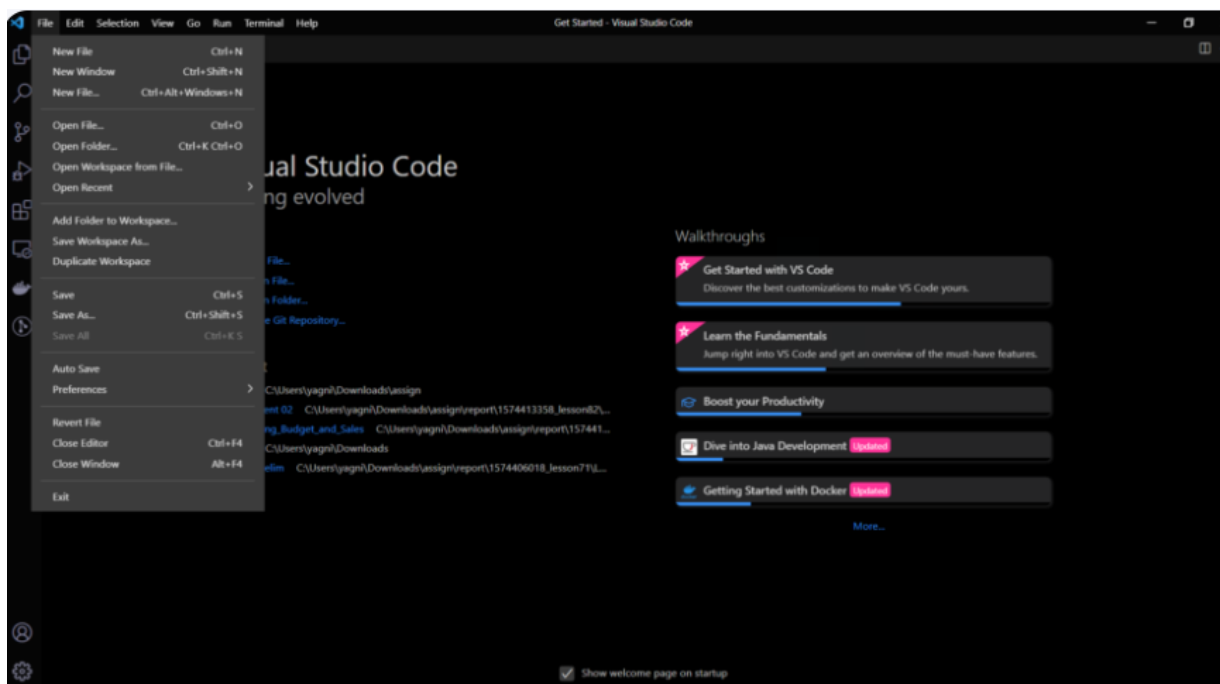


Writing first code using VS Code IDE:

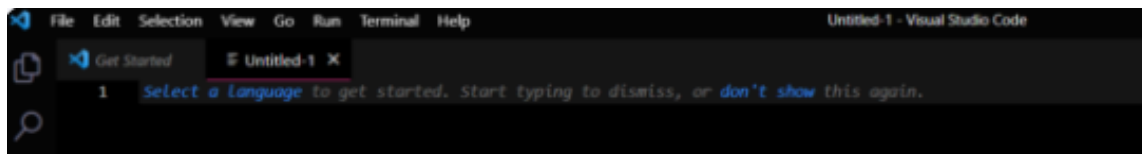
- Open VS Code and you will see a window as shown below.



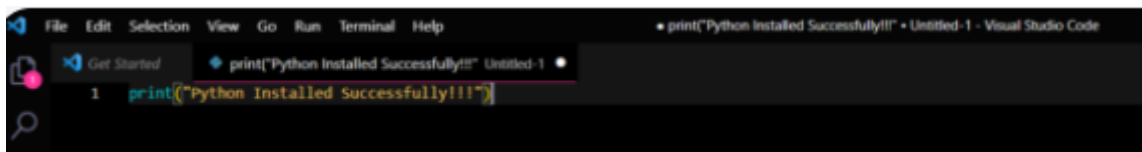
- Click on the file to open file menu and click on new file as shown below.



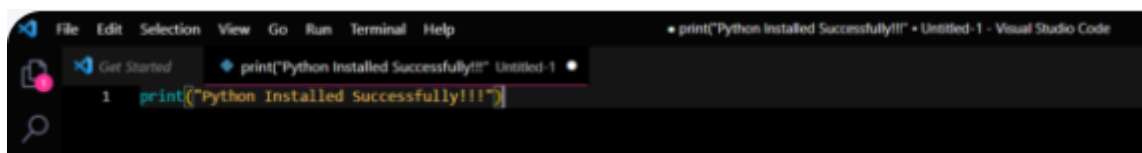
- Then a tab will open in VS Code named Untitled-1 as shown below.



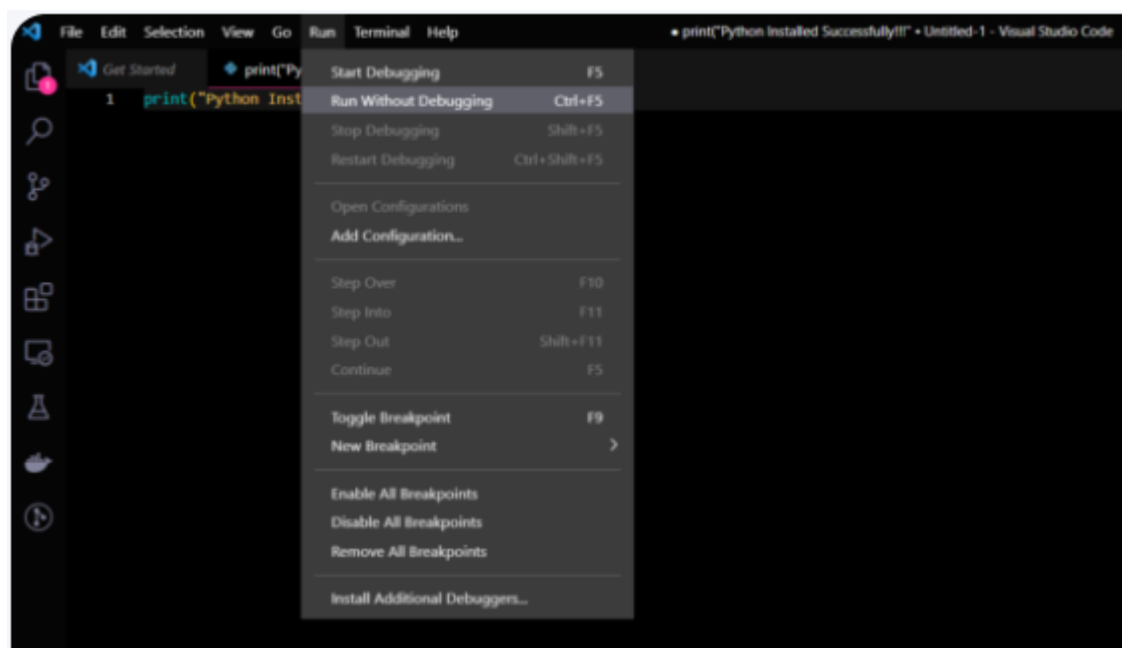
- Click on select a language and the below window will open where you have to select Python.



- Then type the code `print("Python Installed Successfully!!!")` as shown below.



- Then Go to run tab as shown below and select run without debugging.



- Then VS code will ask you to save the file. Save the file in the directory you desire. It will run the file after saving and shows you the result as below.

