Competitive Coding Interview Questions

190+ questions to tackle any C/C++ interview

Dr. Rydhm Beri



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Dedicated to

My Parents **Ms. Suman Beri**and **Mr. Rajesh Beri**

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Preface

In today's rapidly evolving technological landscape, staying competitive in the field of software development requires a deep understanding of fundamental programming concepts and the ability to solve complex problems efficiently. Whether you are a recent graduate preparing for your first job interview or a seasoned professional looking to refresh your knowledge, this book aims to be your comprehensive guide to ace technical interviews in C, C++, Data Structures, and Database Management Systems (DBMS).

The journey to becoming a proficient software engineer is often paved with rigorous technical interviews that test your knowledge, problem-solving abilities, and coding skills. This book is designed to help you navigate this challenging path with confidence. It compiles a wide range of interview questions and answers, providing you with the insights and practice needed to excel.

Each chapter includes a series of questions that range from basic to advanced levels. The questions are designed to test various aspects of your knowledge and problem-solving skills. Detailed solutions and explanations are provided to help you understand the reasoning behind each answer.

Chapter 1: C Programming Core Concepts - presents the interview questions related to core C programming. This chapter includes questions that assess understanding of core concepts such as data types, pointers, memory management, and the use of arrays and structures. The questions cover the intricacies of pointer arithmetic, dynamic memory allocation (malloc, calloc, free), and string manipulation functions. Interviewers often probe knowledge of file I/O operations, preprocessor directives, and the compilation process. These problem-solving questions are included in the chapter which may involve writing and debugging code snippets, implementing algorithms, and explaining the time and space complexity of different solutions. The readers will understand how to use and implement various data structures, such as linked lists, stacks, and queues, which is also commonly evaluated.

Chapter 2: C Programming Complex Concepts - presents questions on control statements often focused on understanding the flow of execution through constructs like if-else, switch-case, loops (for, while, do-while), and their correct usage in different scenarios. Functions are essential for modularity, so the questions in this chapter may involve writing and optimizing them, understanding scope and lifetime of variables, and recursion.

Arrays, including multidimensional ones, are pivotal for handling collections of data, and questions may involve sorting, searching, and manipulating array elements. This chapter also covers questions related to Strings. Further, this chapter includes questions on pointer arithmetic, dynamic memory allocation, and pointer-to-pointer concepts. Structures and unions, and File handling related questions are also covered in this chapter.

Chapter 3: C++ Programming Core Concepts - presents the questions related to core concepts such as the syntax, data types, and basic input/output operations. Object-oriented programming (OOP) is a fundamental aspect of C++, so questions delve into the principles of encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction, as well as the implementation and use of classes and objects. In interviews candidates might be asked to design class hierarchies, explain virtual functions, and discuss concepts like constructors, destructors, and operator overloading. Further, questions in this chapter also cover aspects like smart pointers (e.g., unique_ptr, shared_ptr), lambda expressions, the auto keyword for type inference, range-based for loops, and improvements in the standard library such as the addition of the std::thread for multithreading. Mastery of these topics demonstrates a candidate's ability to write modern, efficient, and maintainable C++ code.

Chapter 4: C++ Advanced Concepts - presents Standard Template Library (STL), which is pivotal for efficient and effective coding. Questions on STL containers explore various types like vectors, lists, deques, sets, and maps, focusing on their internal structures, performance trade-offs, and optimal use cases. STL algorithms, a powerful feature of the library, provide a wide range of functionalities such as sorting, searching, and modifying data, allowing developers to write concise and expressive code. Advanced STL questions delve into custom iterators, functors, lambda expressions, and the intricacies of template programming, including template specialization and variadic templates.

Chapter 5: Data Structures Core Concepts - In the field of computer science and software engineering, mastering the core concepts of data structures is fundamental for tackling technical interview questions and building efficient algorithms. This chapter delves into pivotal data structures such as arrays, which store elements in contiguous memory for fast access and manipulation. Linked lists extend this by using nodes with pointers, offering dynamic memory allocation and flexibility. This chapter further discussed questions related to Stacks, Trees, including binary trees and AVL trees, organizing data hierarchically, facilitating efficient searching, insertion, and deletion operations. Alongside, this chapter also covers Graphs, which consist of nodes and edges. Mastering these data structures equips engineers with the tools to design optimized solutions to complex problems in various domains.

Chapter 6: Database Management System - In the realm of database management and software engineering, understanding core data structure concepts is crucial for navigating technical interview questions and building robust database solutions. This chapter explores essential topics such as ER data modeling, which helps in designing databases by defining entities and their relationships. The chapter further has questions related to relational model and normalization techniques to ensure efficient data storage and retrieval by reducing redundancy and maintaining data integrity. Other topics covered in this chapter include, Transaction and concurrency control mechanisms, and Structured Query Language (SQL) that serves as the standard language for managing relational databases, allowing for efficient querying, data manipulation, and schema definition. Proficiency in these concepts empowers engineers to design scalable, secure, and efficient database systems that meet real-world application demands.

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Table of Contents

1. C Programming Core Concepts	1
Introduction	1
Structure	1
Objectives	2
Section 1: C programming language	2
Section 2: Compilers and interpreters	8
Section 3: Header files in C programming	13
Section 4: Directives in C programming	17
Section 5: Variables in C programming	23
Section 6: Constants in C programming	33
Section 7: Datatypes in C programming	40
Section 8: Operators in C programming	52
Conclusion	59
2. C Programming Complex Concepts	61
Introduction	
Structure	
Objectives	
Section 1: Control statements	
Section 2: Functions	
Section 3: Arrays	
Section 4: Strings	
Section 5: Pointers	
Section 6: Structure and union	113
Section 7: File handling and command line arguments	
Conclusion	
2. Chi Baranamina Cam Cam di	408
3. C++ Programming Core Concepts	
Introduction	
Structure	
Objectives	
Section 1: Core C++ programming	128

Section 2: Object-oriented programming	136
Section 3: C++11	
Conclusion	
4. C++ Advanced Concepts	
Introduction	173
Structure	173
Objectives	174
Section 1: Standard Template Library	174
Section 2: Containers	
Section 3: Algorithms	190
Section 4: Advanced STL	197
Conclusion	204
5. Data Structures Core Concepts	205
Introduction	205
Structure	205
Objectives	206
Section 1: Array	206
Section 2: Linked list	223
Section 3: Stack	231
Section 4: Queue and trees	237
Section 5: Graphs	250
Conclusion	272
6. Database Management System	273
Introduction	27 3
Structure	273
Objectives	274
Section 1: Basic DBMS concepts	274
Section 2: ER data modelling	287
Section 3: Relational model and normalizati	on300
Section 4: Transaction and concurrency cont	rol311
Section 5: Structured Query Language	320
Conclusion	
r 1	224 222



CHAPTER 1 C Programming Core Concepts

Introduction

C programming language is the first thing that every programmer or beginner learn at the beginning of his career. C programming language plays a vital role for getting selected in your dream organization. Based on the technical interview requirement, this chapter focusing on the majority of the technical questions asked from the core concepts of C programming.

Structure

In this chapter, we will discuss the following topics:

- C programming language
- Compilers and interpreters
- Header files in C programming
- Directives in C programming
- Variables in C programming
- Constants in C programming

- Datatypes in C programming
- Operators in C programming

Objectives

By the end of this chapter, you will be able to understand local and global scope of variables and their lifetimes. Further, you can distinguish between, and handle both binary and text files.

Section 1: C programming language

Question 1: What is C programming?

Answer:

C is a general-purpose, procedural programming language that was originally developed at *Bell Labs* in the early 1970s by Dennis Ritchie. C is a high-level language that allows developers to write programs for a variety of applications, including operating systems, embedded systems, and various other computer applications.

C is a compiled language, which means that the source code is written in a human-readable format and then translated into machine-readable code by a compiler. This process results in an executable file that can be run on a computer.

C is known for its efficiency, portability, and low-level programming capabilities, which make it an ideal choice for system programming and other tasks that require low-level access to computer hardware. It is also widely used for developing software applications in a variety of fields, including finance, gaming, and scientific computing.

Question 2:

Some of the key features of the C language include its simple syntax, powerful memory management capabilities, and ability to directly manipulate bits and bytes of data. C has influenced the development of many other programming languages, including C++, Java, and Python. Who developed the C programming language and for what purpose was it developed?

Answer:

The C programming language was developed by Dennis Ritchie at *Bell Labs* in the early 1970s. Ritchie developed C as a successor to the B programming language, which was used for systems programming on the **Multics** operating system.

C was designed to be a portable, high-level language and provides low-level access to memory and language constructs that could be used for a wide range of tasks, including systems programming, application development,

and scientific computing. Ritchie wanted to create a language that was efficient, flexible, and easy to learn and use, while still providing low-level access to computer hardware.

One of the main goals of the development of C was to create a language that could be used to develop the Unix operating system, which was also being developed at *Bell Labs* at the time. C proved to be well-suited for this task, and Unix was eventually rewritten entirely in C.

C quickly gained popularity among programmers, and its simplicity and efficiency led to its widespread adoption for a variety of programming tasks. The language has since become one of the most widely used programming languages in the world, and it continues to be used for a wide range of applications, from operating systems to scientific simulations to web development.

Question 3: What are the features of the C programming language?

Here are some of the key features of the C programming language: Answer:

- **Procedural programming:** C is a procedural programming language, which means that it allows developers to structure their code into functions and procedures.
- **Low-level programming capabilities:** C allows developers to directly manipulate memory and perform low-level operations, making it well-suited for system programming.
- **Portable:** C code can be compiled on different platforms, making it a portable language.
- **Efficient:** C is known for its efficiency in terms of memory usage and execution speed.
- **Static typing:** C is a statically typed language, which means that variables must be declared with a specific data type before they can be used.
- **Simple syntax**: The syntax of C is relatively simple, making it easy to read and write.
- **Standard library:** C provides a standard library of functions that can be used in a wide range of applications.
- **Pointers:** C allows developers to use pointers, which are variables that store memory addresses, giving them direct access to memory.

- **Structured programming:** C supports structured programming, which involves dividing code into reusable blocks of code, making it easier to manage and debug.
- Recursion: C supports recursion, which is the ability of a function to call itself.
- Bit manipulation: C allows developers to manipulate individual bits of data using bitwise operators.
- **Dynamic memory allocation**: C provides functions for dynamic memory allocation, which allows developers to allocate memory during runtime.
- Extensibility: C can be extended through the use of libraries and interfaces to other languages.
- **Preprocessor directives:** C provides preprocessor directives, which allow developers to modify the source code before compilation.
- **User-defined data types:** C allows developers to define their own data types using structures and unions.
- Modular programming: C supports modular programming, which involves dividing code into modules that can be developed and tested independently.
- **Command line interface:** C programs can be executed from the command line, making it easy to automate tasks.
- **Multi-platform support:** C can be compiled and executed on a wide range of platforms, including Windows, Linux, and macOS.
- **Large developer community:** C has a large developer community, with many resources and tools available for developers.
- **Influence on other programming languages:** C has had a significant influence on the development of other programming languages, including C++, *Java*, and *Python*.

Question 4: What is the basic structure of C program?

Answer: C is structural programming language, and follows set of lines to be written strictly in defined structure. The typical structure of C program includes:

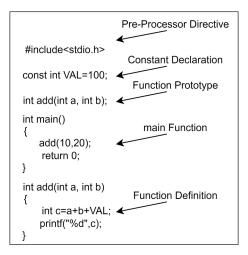


Figure 1.1: Program Structure

Preprocessor directives: This section includes preprocessor directives
that start with a # symbol. These directives are processed by the
preprocessor before actual compilation. Common preprocessor
directives include including header files (#include) and defining
constants & macros (#define).

For example

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define PI 3.1427
```

• Global variables and constants: This section contains global variable declarations and constants that will be used throughout the program.

For example:

```
int a=20;
const int MAX=100;
```

• **Function prototype:** This section declares the prototypes of functions that are defined later in the program. Function prototypes tell the compiler about the functions' names, return types, and parameters.

For example:

```
int addNumbers(int a, int b);
```

• **Main function:** Every C program must have a main function from which the execution of the program begins.