

Cloud Architecture Demystified

*Understand how to design sustainable
architectures in the world of Agile,
DevOps, and Cloud*

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Forewards

**What you leave behind is not what is engraved in stone monuments,
but what is woven into the lives of others.**

— Pericles

It's my pleasure to know Keshri and Ankur in a relationship that has grown over the decades from being colleagues, who were fortunate to work on projects from Tokyo to New York, to thought partners, benefiting me (most of the times!) with unlimited access to their deep knowledge and context in all things architecture.

A common theme across many counters we shared is the dizzying effect of the trichotomy - disorientation brought on by the evolving technology landscape, of growing awareness that systems design being potent means of differentiation and the increasing need for certitude in an otherwise uncertain world requires practitioners (across enterprise consumers and producers of technology) be constantly catching up and keeping up for want of staying ahead. By itself, this is unsustainable. From the experience, one would default to the binary options to solve this conundrum – to reduce the amount of perceived risk (by trying to play catch-up) or by increasing our tolerance for change. However, rarely do edge scenarios help solve the complexity enterprises are challenged with today.

Cloud Architecture Demystified lays out the principles across the ends by providing a continuum of options. You will find the reasoning and rationale of interest and intrigue. Hopefully, it will help you incorporate some or several of these principles in your systems journey.

— Parminder Bansil

(Our Lifelong Mentor & Guide)

Information Technology is well known for its buzzwords and hyped trends. Using Gartner's famous Hype Cycle model, I can say many new trends don't go beyond the Hype Phase. More importantly, only few adopters make the Realization Phase in reality. Among these buzzwords is The Cloud - A panacea for all timeless CTO woes. To many, moving their datacenter to an external cloud is a job well done and worth a celebration.

Real realization of value from Cloud implementations will need very intense strategization.

Architecture, design, code, the way we build, the way we test, the way we deploy, the way we troubleshoot/monitor may need to undergo an overhaul.

Cloud Architecture Demystified is a must read for all CTOs and Technology Heads involved in taking Cloud Strategy decisions related or executing Cloud adoption projects. It comprehensively covers all the elements that must be considered to extract the real value that Cloud offers. It has been written in simple and few words with loads of examples.

I was fortunate to have worked with Keshri on some exciting and yet challenging IT projects. He was an architect with utter clarity of how he wanted to build the software that delivers business value, is scalable, can survive the hard times software is subjected to, is debuggable and is designed to evolve forever. In my rather long career in IT, there are very few professionals who could do justice to this book and Keshri is one of them. I am glad that he took the initiative to capture all his learnings from real life situations that he experienced in his career into this book.

— Ravi Pratap Singh
(Our Lifelong Mentor & Guide)

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We are grateful to our mentors. They have ensured we stay on our course and learn to contribute to the world using the best assets we have at our disposal. The lateral thought process that they have built in us has enabled us to think in multiple dimensions.

We would like to extend my thanks to the reviewers of this book, whose insightful comments and suggestions helped us to improve the manuscript.

Finally, we would like to thank my readers, whose interest and enthusiasm for this project has been a constant source of motivation.

Thank you all for your support and encouragement.

Preface

Ankur and I joined the Microsoft at the same time. We joined the Cloud Bandwagon that Microsoft was starting. Both of us came from very similar coding backgrounds, we both worked in project and product companies. We both worked in a wide spectrum of process environments; where we had, on one side CMMI Level 5 and on other side cooking and eating one day at a time. Although we had similar backgrounds, our approach varied with different sets of customers. Ankur worked with various teams of startups having altogether a different problem of scale and I worked mostly in enterprise where process and procedure is key and we both exchanged ideas how business priority impacts architecture and this is something we tried to jot down in this book!

When we joined Microsoft, we got an opportunity to work with lots of companies and a huge number of people. We got a chance to work in different combinations of people, process, and technology. Every interaction was a learning opportunity for us.

One harsh reality that we came across was diminishing architectural practices. We saw a lack of technology vision, lack of enterprise architecture, lack of software architecture and no one in an organization having end-to-end vision. There were several excuses, agile methodology, changing technology, Software Vendor Affinity etc.; none of them really standing test of time.

We saw technology decisions were more cost driven rather than other more important aspects. Technology and architecture decisions were being taken by people who did not have architectural vision. Technology leaders of today discount the importance of architecture and architects in their process and organization. We did see some organizations investing in architecture and reaping benefits. You will read some examples in the chapters.

The knowledge base that we gathered talking with people, understanding their process, their limitations, practical approaches etc. motivated us to write this book. It seems appropriate, however, to offer this little book, reflecting essentially our personal views.

Although we both originally grew up in the programming side of software engineering, we had some great mentors that we would like to thank them for as we feel they have contributed to this book too.

Our own conclusions are embodied in the essays that follow, which are intended for professional architects, technology leaders, and especially the agile architects.

Although written as separable essays, there is a central argument contained. We strongly believe that, irrespective of development method followed, architecture and end-to-end vision is a super critical and mandatory part of software development. We believe the critical need to be architecturally perseverant for conceptual integrity of an IT organization. Some of our chapters challenge some traditional thoughts and are sure to trigger out-of-box thinking.

For example, when humankind starts colonizing Mars, will address databases need to change? Will we need to add one more field in our database, “Planet”? Will it mean that all databases and all UI will need to change? Will it need another Y2K like effort?

Few of our chapters also explore other aspects of software engineering management.

The literature in architecture is abundant, but it is neither widely believed nor followed. Hence, we have tried to give references that will both illuminate points and guide the interested reader to other useful works.

Because this is a book of essays and not a text, all the references and notes have been referenced in line with the text, and the reader is urged to follow the links for detailed study on the topic.

Chapter 1: Ambivalence of Multi-Cloud – Deploying a multi-cloud platform in an enterprise can have both advantages and challenges, and it ultimately depends on the specific needs and goals of the organization. In the chapter we will try to lay out details how deploying a multi-cloud platform in an enterprise can offer many benefits, but it also poses some challenges. Organizations should carefully evaluate their specific needs and goals before deciding whether to adopt a multi-cloud approach and should ensure that they have the necessary expertise and resources to manage multiple cloud environments effectively.

Chapter 2: Cloud Deployment Costs – The cost of cloud deployment can vary depending on several factors, such as the size of the infrastructure, the specific cloud service provider, the duration of usage, and the type of workload being deployed. The chapter analyzes are some of the main cost components that organizations should consider when deploying in the cloud. It is important to note that cloud deployment costs can be highly variable and are heavily dependent on the specific use case and requirements of each organization. To optimize cloud deployment

costs, organizations should consider carefully evaluating their infrastructure needs, choosing the right cloud service provider, optimizing resource utilization, and implementing cost management strategies such as monitoring, automation, and right-sizing.

Chapter 3: Security Sense of Cloud – The security of cloud computing is a topic of great concern for many organizations, particularly as more critical workloads and sensitive data are being migrated to the cloud. The chapter provides architectural views on some of the main security considerations for cloud computing. Overall, cloud computing can provide a high level of security when properly configured and managed. Organizations should work closely with their cloud providers to ensure that their applications and data are properly secured and that all necessary security controls are in place. Additionally, organizations should regularly review their cloud security posture and adapt to any changes in their risk profile.

Chapter 4: Availability and Disaster Recovery – Availability and disaster recovery are two related but distinct concepts in the field of IT infrastructure and operations. In this chapter we try to uncover these concepts in a practical approach. Availability is focused on preventing and minimizing downtime and disruptions, while disaster recovery is focused on recovering from major disruptions and restoring services as quickly as possible. Both are important considerations for ensuring the continuity and reliability of IT services, and organizations should have strategies in place for both availability and disaster recovery to ensure that they can continue to operate in the face of unexpected events.

Chapter 5: Cloud, Agile and Software Development Life Cycle – Cloud computing can be a valuable tool for Agile and Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) processes, as it offers a range of benefits and capabilities that can improve development efficiency and flexibility. In the chapter we take through how cloud computing can be used in Agile and SDLC processes to make them even more efficient. Cloud computing can be a powerful enabler for Agile and SDLC processes, providing the flexibility, scalability, and automation capabilities required to support rapid and iterative development cycles. Organizations that adopt cloud computing as part of their development processes can gain a competitive advantage by accelerating the delivery of new features and functionality to their customers.

Chapter 6: Retrofitting Cloud Service Accurately – Retrofitting cloud services accurately involves a number of considerations and steps to ensure a successful

migration of existing applications or infrastructure to a cloud environment. In the chapter we talk about are some key considerations when architecting cloud services. Retrofitting cloud services accurately requires careful planning, thorough assessment, and meticulous attention to detail. By following proper steps, organizations can ensure a successful migration to the cloud, while minimizing disruption and maximizing the benefits of cloud computing.

Chapter 7: Design First then Code – Design first then code, is a software development approach that emphasizes the importance of planning and designing a project before starting the coding phase. It involves creating a detailed plan or blueprint of the project's architecture, functionality, and user interface, which can help to ensure that the final product is well-organized, efficient, and user-friendly. Once the design phase is complete, the coding phase can begin. By taking the time to plan and design the project before starting to code, developers can avoid common pitfalls such as scope creep, inefficient code, and user interface issues. This approach can also help to save time and resources in the long run, as it can help to identify potential problems early in the development process.

Chapter 8: Infra Team and App Team Becomes DevOps Team–The merging of an infrastructure team and an application team into a DevOps team can bring numerous benefits to an organization's software development process. We have taken and experienced this journey and through the chapter share the key advantages of creating a DevOps team. Creating a DevOps team by merging infrastructure and application teams can help to streamline the software development process, improve collaboration, and increase efficiency and flexibility, ultimately leading to better software products and a more competitive business

Chapter 9: Traits of Being a Good Cloud Solution Architect – A cloud solution architect is responsible for designing and implementing cloud-based solutions for businesses and organizations. Based on our experience with the best in the industry, we outline the traits that are important for a cloud solution architect to possess. A cloud solution architect can help organizations to achieve their goals by designing and implementing effective cloud-based solutions and work as technology leader for the cloud journey.

Chapter 10: Treat Data and Database Separately – It is important to treat data and database separately in software development. While the terms are often used interchangeably, they represent distinct concepts that require different approaches and considerations. We discuss the details along with advantages of this approach

in this chapter. Treating data and database separately can help to improve the quality and performance of software applications, while also making it easier to manage and maintain the codebase.

Chapter 11: Frozen Architecture is Obsolete Architecture – The concept of frozen architecture refers to an approach in software development where the architecture is designed to be static and unchanging over time. This approach is often contrasted with agile development methodologies, which prioritize flexibility and adaptability. While frozen architecture may have been a viable approach in the past, it is becoming increasingly obsolete in today's rapidly changing technology landscape. We detail out some reasons in the chapter. The concept of frozen architecture is becoming increasingly obsolete in today's fast-paced technology landscape. Instead, software development teams should focus on agile development methodologies that prioritize flexibility, adaptability, and responsiveness to changing business needs and emerging technologies.

Chapter 12: What Exactly is Software Architecture? – Software architecture refers to the high-level design and organization of software systems, which includes the structures of software components, their relationships, and the principles and guidelines governing their design and evolution over time. It is concerned with making strategic decisions about software systems that enable them to meet the functional and non-functional requirements of the system, such as scalability, maintainability, reliability, and security, among others. In this chapter we take you through the forgotten concept and emphasize why it is still very important to have Software architecture in today's agile world.

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