Mastering Network Forensics

A practical approach to investigating and defending against network attacks

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Dedicated to

To my son, my brightest joy, ***Harwin***

This book is a tribute to your laughter, curiosity, and boundless love.

May its pages reflect the magic of our shared moments,
inspire your dreams, and embody the love that binds us.

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About the Author

Nipun Jaswal is a highly experienced cybersecurity professional with a rich background of over 15 years in the field. He is renowned for his exceptional expertise in safeguarding the digital world. Nipun has represented India at prestigious global events such as the BRICS Summit and Future Skills, showcasing his exceptional skills and knowledge in cybersecurity. He has authored 11 Penetration Testing and Network Forensics books, further establishing his expertise in the field.

In addition to his remarkable contributions to the cybersecurity industry, Nipun is dedicated to imparting advanced cybersecurity knowledge and education to law enforcement agencies across the world. His passion and dedication to securing the ever-evolving digital landscape have earned him several prestigious awards, including Asia's Top 100 Power Leaders in Technology, Award of Excellence, and Tech Leadership award.

As a hardcore techie, Nipun has discovered and led the discovery of multiple zero-day exploits in Enterprise Software. Currently, he is serving as a Senior Director at Protiviti India, contributing his exceptional skills and knowledge to the organization. Nipun completed his Master's in Technology from LPU, which has further strengthened his technical expertise in cybersecurity.

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A special acknowledgment goes to BPB Publications for their exceptional guidance and expertise. Their commitment to excellence and their belief in the potential of this work have been pivotal in bringing this book to its final form. Their collaborative spirit and insightful feedback have shaped the narrative and enriched the content.

I am also grateful for the collaborative efforts of the reviewers, technical experts, and editors who participated in the extensive revision process. Your contributions have elevated the quality of this work and added depth to its substance.

A heartfelt thank you goes out to my colleagues and co-workers in the tech industry, especially the founders of Malware Traffic Analysis.

Last but certainly not least, I extend my thanks to the readers who have shown interest in my book. Your support, enthusiasm, and engagement have made this vision a reality. Your encouragement motivates me to continue sharing my thoughts and insights.

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Preface

The need for robust and effective cybersecurity measures has become more critical as our dependence on digital networks grows, and so does the threat landscape that seeks to exploit vulnerabilities for malicious intent. In this era of interconnectedness, understanding and safeguarding our digital environments is paramount.

Mastering Network Forensics delves into the fascinating world of network forensics, an indispensable discipline in securing and investigating network-related incidents. The field of network forensics is dynamic and ever-evolving, presenting professionals and enthusiasts with constant challenges and opportunities to stay ahead of cyber threats.

This book provides a comprehensive and accessible guide to understanding network forensics's fundamental principles, methodologies, and advanced techniques. From cybersecurity practitioners to aspiring digital investigators, readers will find valuable insights into the nuances of network forensics. Real-world case studies and practical examples are interwoven throughout the book to illustrate the application of concepts in actual scenarios, allowing readers to bridge the gap between theory and practice.

The book covers topics like, network protocols, network traffic analysis, log analysis, and the intricacies of digital evidence gathering. It showcases how skilled investigators can use digital trails to identify perpetrators and understand their motives.

As the world becomes increasingly interconnected, the importance of network forensics cannot be overstated. This book endeavors to equip its readers with the knowledge and skills necessary to navigate the complex landscape of digital investigations, ultimately contributing to the collective effort to secure our digital future.

Embark on this journey into network forensics, and empower yourself with the tools to unravel the digital trails left behind in the vast expanse of cyberspace. Happy reading and secure computing!

Chapter 1: Foundations of Network Forensics – This chapter will discuss important topics related to network forensics. These include different types of network forensics, the methodology involved, the sources of evidence, the collection of source data, the setup of the environment for analysis, the use of TCPDump for packet listening and data reduction, the use of Wireshark for network analysis, and a case study on a suspicious web server. This chapter aims to comprehensively understand network forensics, including its

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methods and tools. By the end of this chapter, readers will have a clear understanding of network forensics.

Chapter 2: Protocols and Deep Packet Analysis – This chapter will explore the intricate world of computer networking. This chapter aims to provide a solid foundation by covering the OSI and TCP/IP models, packet structure, protocols, deep packet analysis, and case studies on protocol misuse and DDoS attacks. By the end of this chapter, you will have a comprehensive understanding of these key concepts and be better equipped to navigate the complex world of computer networking.

Chapter 3: Flow Analysis versus Packet Analysis – This chapter delves into the intriguing world of Flow analysis. It provides a detailed overview of Statistical Flow analysis, which involves examining network traffic data to detect patterns and trends. You will learn about Flow Records and FRP Systems, which are crucial for storing and managing Flow data. Additionally, you will gain insights into two commonly used methods of measuring Flow, Uniflow and Bitflow. You will also discover different Sensor deployment and flow analysis types, their applications, significance, and potential limitations. Furthermore, you will understand the potential limitations of Flow analysis and when to use full packet capturing instead. By the end of this chapter, you will have a comprehensive understanding of these topics, enabling you to apply them effectively in real-world situations.

Chapter 4: Conducting Log Analysis – This chapter provides an overview of log analysis and covers various related topics. You will learn how to extract essential fields from existing logs to assist you in performing quick analytics. The primary objective of this chapter is to introduce you to the process of obtaining forensic value from logs of any type. You will learn to investigate remote login attempts on SSH, examine web server attacks using Splunk, and scrutinize proxy logs. By the end of this chapter, you will have the necessary skills to investigate and parse various log formats, which can be beneficial in enhancing your understanding of log analysis.

Chapter 5: Wireless Forensics – The chapter provides in-depth knowledge and essential tools and techniques to the readers required to perform meticulous forensics on wireless networks such as Radio Frequencies (RF) and Wireless LANs. This chapter covers several key areas such as the fundamentals of Radio Frequency Monitoring, the 802.11 standard, evidence types in Wireless Local Area Networking, and analysis of other wireless attacks. This chapter aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the technical aspects of wireless networks, including the protocols, standards, and communication channels. By learning and understanding these areas, readers will be equipped with the necessary skills and knowledge to investigate and analyze various wireless network incidents effectively.

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Chapter 6: TLS Decryption and Visibility – In this chapter, readers will discover various techniques to decode SSL/TLS traffic which is generally concealed behind encryption. SSL/TLS encryption is a common tactic employed by several types of malware to circumvent network security devices. Thus, decrypting this communication can be a valuable aid in conducting investigations. The chapter also delves into various methods for decrypting SSL/TLS communication, such as utilizing pre-master secret keys and analyzing traffic using a proxy.

Chapter 7: Demystifying Covert Channels – In this chapter, we will explore various techniques for analyzing modern-day malware that utilizes legitimate services to establish hidden command and control channels. Our discussion will revolve around some essential topics that include detecting concealed communication channels through proxies, decrypting legitimate services traffic using MitmProxy, collecting attack details, identifying attack patterns, and detecting the misuse of DNS. By the end of this chapter, readers will be equipped with the necessary knowledge to analyze malware that employs legitimate services for covert communication effectively.

Chapter 8: Analyzing Exploit Kits – In this chapter, readers will be provided with valuable tips and techniques to effectively analyze exploit kits. This chapter will delve into several methods, such as network simulation, utilizing tools such as Security Onion, and manual extraction, to gather the essential analytics for detecting exploit kit infections. We will also cover crucial topics including the working mechanism of exploit kits, how to analyze an exploit kit infection, network forensics with Security Onion, extracting malicious payload, and using Fakenet-Ng to simulate a network. By the end of this chapter, readers will have a comprehensive understanding of how to analyze and detect exploit kit infections.

Chapter 9: Automating Network Forensics – In this chapter, readers will learn about automating regular manual tasks using Python and LUA scripting. Key topics covered include parsing the Syslog format, IP reputation analysis, and writing dissectors for protocols using Lua. By the end of this chapter, readers will have a deeper understanding of how to automate tasks and streamline their workflow.

Chapter 10: Backtracking Malware – This chapter aims to provide readers with an overview of the latest malware and network techniques cybercriminals use. It will also explain how they misuse legitimate software like AnyDesk and TeamViewer for malicious purposes. This chapter focuses on two key topics - investigating traffic from popular command and control systems and investigating legitimate screen-sharing and remote control software such as TeamViewer and AnyDesk. By covering these topics, readers will understand these crucial issues comprehensively.

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Chapter 11: Investigating Ransomware Attacks – In this chapter, we aim to enlighten the readers about the inner workings of different types of ransomware and how they impact computer networks. We will delve into various topics such as analyzing the notorious WannaCry ransomware, exploring ways to obtain decryption keys for ransomware, dissecting the GandCrab ransomware, presenting a case study of the REVIL ransomware attack on a bank, and highlighting crucial event IDs that aid in Windows network analysis. By the end of this chapter, readers will have a better understanding of the serious implications of ransomware and how to mitigate the risks associated with it.

Chapter 12: Investigating Command and Control Systems – In this chapter, the reader will gain knowledge about the most commonly used command and control systems, including the inner workings of Metasploit. Additionally, the reader will learn how to identify command-and-control traffic that originates from payloads and crucial indicators to detect it on the network. This chapter will also discuss the investigation of Metasploit Reverse Shells, Meterpreter Reverse Shell, and Meterpreter Stageless Reverse Shell. Overall, this chapter aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of different command and control systems and their investigation methods.

Chapter 13: Investigating Attacks on Email Servers – This chapter aims to provide practical knowledge on how to handle and examine evidence in the event of an attack on the email server. It will equip readers with the skills required to examine large data sets and identify key attack patterns using Splunk. The chapter will focus on critical attacks on exchange servers and help readers develop the ability to identify such attacks on the network quickly. Specifically, the chapter will cover the analysis of the ProxyLogon attack and how to investigate email authentication logs. By the end of this chapter, readers will have a better understanding of how to handle and investigate email server attacks, which will help them take appropriate actions to mitigate the impact of such attacks.

Chapter 14: Investigating Web Server Attacks – The purpose of this chapter is to provide readers with an understanding of the latest techniques used by attackers and gain a broader perspective on investigations. This includes exploring unconventional logs, such as those from a database, and enabling certain logs for forensic readiness. Throughout the chapter, we will delve into various topics such as Web Server Attack Analysis, Investigating Web Server Logs, Investigating Full Packet Captures, and Investigating database logs. By the end of this chapter, readers will have a deeper understanding of how to analyze and investigate attacks using advanced techniques and tools.

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Chapter 1
Foundations of Network Forensics

Introduction

Network forensics was coined to facilitate forensic analysis over the network, regardless of the network type. Network forensics is a sub-branch of digital forensics. The focus is on network evidence such as network traffic, protocols, and logs, to accomplish monitoring, collecting information, establishing root cause analysis, simulating malware behavior, and intrusion detection. We can also call network forensics a branch of digital forensics studying data in motion. While traditional digital forensics cover the imaging and analysis of the media drives and memory in a phased manner, network forensics deals with more volatile and dynamic information. You may ask why there is a need for network forensics or what are the primary applications of it? Since we primarily deal with network-based evidence, network forensics has become particularly helpful in investigating data theft, suspicious connections, DDOS attacks, and network leakage investigation. Considering the present challenges with the rising number of data thefts, **Business Email Compromise** (**BEC**), and ransomware attacks, network forensics can be utilized proactively and passively.

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Structure

In this chapter, we will cover the following key topics:

- Types of network forensics
  - Network forensics investigation methodology
  - Evidence source types
  - Source data collection
- Setting up the environment for analysis
  - Listening for Network Packets using TCPDump
  - Data Reduction using TCPDump
  - Utilising Wireshark for Network Analysis
- Case study: Suspicious Web Server
  - Background
  - Conducting network forensics
  - Conducting log analysis

Objectives

By the end of this chapter, the reader will gain knowledge about forensic methodology, type of network evidence and their sources. We will also see how to perform packet analysis using **`tcpdump`** and Wireshark, and conduct basic log analysis as well. Finally, we will discuss a case study and apply knowledge learned to the analysis of a **Packet Capture** (**PCAP**) file.

Types of network forensics

As discussed, network forensics can be distinguished into two specific activity types: proactive and passive. The proactive approach to network forensics can sometimes be referred to as continuous threat hunting and incident response. In contrast, the latter can be considered post-incident or reactive detection and response.

The proactive approach requires applying new intelligence sources to the existing data, whereas the reactive/passive course examines existing data to better understand what went wrong and how. For example, consider a scenario where XYZ Bank actively monitors its network for threats. The team responsible for monitoring the network has subscribed to multiple threat intelligence feeds that provide vital details such as IP, domains, email addresses, file names, and the hash values that are found to be suspicious/malicious.

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The team at XYZ Bank applies all these feeds to their monitoring system and analyzes if something from the threat feed matches with the data sent or received from their network. We call this activity proactive as there may not be an imminent threat, but the team at XYZ bank continuously searches for it.

Consider another scenario where ABC Bank does not have a threat hunting team and faced a ransomware attack that compromised 50 of their machines, including their Antivirus server. The ABC bank establishes an internal forensic team to figure out the root cause of the infection or hires third-party forensic services professionals to figure out the cause. The ABC bank further shares all the details around the incident, such as logs and network capture files, among other evidence, with the forensic subject matter experts to aid the activity. A professional forensicator who analyses the incident, figures out a vulnerable **Virtual Private Network** (**VPN**) service, and establishes the validity of the server running the VPN service contracting other systems within the network. In his report, he mentions the root cause being a vulnerable VPN service, and credential reuse within the network, and pens down recommendations to update the outdated services, based on which the ABC bank implements the recommendation within their network. The scenario we just discussed outlines a reactive response to the incident.

Throughout the book, we will discuss passive and proactive approaches in detail. Also, it is better to approach network forensics with a defined methodology as it specifies goals in a clear manner.

Network forensics investigation methodology

The forensic investigators should follow a defined path throughout the network forensic exercise, to harvest accurate and meaningful results. The **OSCAR** framework contains **Obtain**, **Strategize**, **Collect**, **Analyze** and **Report** Phases in a systematic setting, to define a standard methodology for network forensics, as shown in *Figure 1.1*:

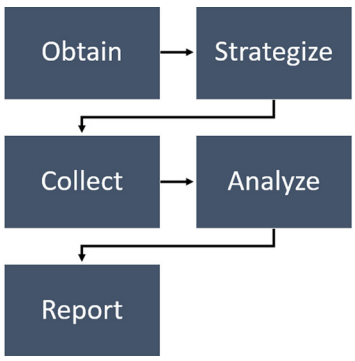

Figure 1.1: *O.S.C.A.R Methodology in Forensics*

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The use of the OSCAR framework ensures consistency in the results. So, let us drill into the following phases of OSCAR, to understand them at a grassroots level:

- **Obtain**: Finding out as much information about the incident and discussing goals for the network forensic exercise, are the primary goals of this phase. Once an incident takes place, a few key details become equally important such as Date and Time, Systems and endpoints affected, Presence of Logs, a narrative from the client's IT team, and the steps taken to contain evidence and ensure continuity of business. This phase answers the 'What' and 'Where' part of the incident.
- **Strategize**: The blueprint/plan of the investigation is to be devised in this phase. Most network forensic cases differ in terms of steps taken by the attacker unless a similar attacker group is encountered. When such incidents occur, most IT teams become disoriented and may lose sight of vital evidence to be contained and preserved. Therefore, forensic investigators need to guide the client's team and work backward from the incident. For example, in the case of ransomware infection, the first step is to preserve event logs from the machine after being isolated on the network. The event logs can reveal who connected to the system and from where. It is also essential not to blatantly ask for anything and everything regarding log files. In the example we just discussed, the first step was to obtain event logs and determine who connected to the system and its IP address. Then, we ask the IT teams to provide the IP address details to know whose system got connected to the infected host from within the network. Next, we can repeat the steps until an end is reached and may choose to start the investigation on the 'first patient' (the first system to get compromised). Therefore, we are asking what is necessary and not everything available. Hence, planning and strategizing become essential. Additionally, keep the following points in mind while strategizing the forensic exercise:
    - Define clear goals and timelines for the investigation.
    - Think of the sources of evidence.
    - Plan timely updates for the client.
- **Collect**: In this phase, we will acquire the evidence as per the plan defined in the previous phase. Collection of the evidence requires us to document all the systems that were accessed and used; capture and save the data streams to the hard drive, and collect logs from servers, applications, proxies, and firewalls. The best practices for evidence collection include:

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  - Create copies of the evidence and generate cryptographic hashes for verifiability.
  - Work on copies of data instead of the original evidence.
  - Use commercial and industry-standard tools.
  - Document all your actions and steps taken.

- **Analyze**: The most critical phase includes making sense of the data, deriving a story behind the incident, and determining what happened and caused it. This is the phase where you start working on evidence by using automated and manual techniques and industry's leading forensic tools to correlate data from numerous sources, formulate a timeline of events, eliminate sinkholes, and derive working theories with supporting evidence. The book focuses primarily on this particular phase of the OSCAR framework, as the rest of the phases are easy to grasp and generally age with real-world experience.
- **Report**: The reporting phase is also one of the most crucial phases of an investigation as your reports would be read by CEOs, CFOs, CISOs, Jury, Insurance, Legal teams, and many others. It is vital that the produced report is in a layman's language and easy to follow, and should be well understood by people with no technical expertise. The report should begin with executive summaries followed by technical findings backed by technical evidence.

Getting to know about the OSCAR methodology, let us see which source of evidence we will deal with, in a typical network forensic exercise in the next section.

Evidence source types

To carry out network forensics, we as investigators must deal with multiple data sources such as network capture files, logs, and sometimes even executables. Let us understand the three basic types of source data types for investigation:

- **Log Files (LF)**: The most crucial data type. Log files can unveil the majority of the attacks, help understand the attack patterns, and contain platform or application-centric items to characterize activities observed. The following *Figure 1.2* is an example of an IIS web server log file:

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